

United Kingdom-Exeter: Community health services
OJ S 19/2018 27/01/2018
Contract notice
Services

Legal Basis:

Directive 2014/24/EU

Section I: Contracting authority

I.1. Name and addresses

Official name: NHS Northern, Eastern and Western Devon Clinical Commissioning Group

Postal address: Newcourt House, Newcourt Drive

Town: Exeter

NUTS code: UKK4 Devon

Postal code: EX2 7JQ

Country: United Kingdom

Contact person: Garry Mitchell

E-mail: scwcsu.clinical.procurement@nhs.net

Internet address(es):

Main address: <https://www.newdevonccg.nhs.uk/>

I.3. Communication

The procurement documents are available for unrestricted and full direct access, free of charge, at: <https://in-tendhost.co.uk/scwcsu>

Additional information can be obtained from the abovementioned address

Tenders or requests to participate must be submitted to the abovementioned address

I.4. Type of the contracting authority

Body governed by public law

I.5. Main activity

Health

Section II: Object

II.1. Scope of the procurement

II.1.1. Title

Venous Leg Ulcer Healing and Promoting Well Legs

Reference number: PR002293

II.1.2. Main CPV code

85323000 Community health services

II.1.3. Type of contract

Services

II.1.4. Short description

NEW Devon CCG is looking to tender for the provision of Venous leg ulcer healing and promoting well legs to the 3 localities in New Devon. This provision will be split into the 3 lots: - Lot 1 Eastern Devon - Lot 2 Northern Devon - Lot 3 Western Devon.

II.1.5. Estimated total value

Value excluding VAT: 6 107 950,00 GBP

II.1.6. Information about lots

This contract is divided into lots: yes
Tenders may be submitted for all lots

II.2. Description

II.2.1. Title

Lot 1 - Eastern Devon
Lot No: 1

II.2.2. Additional CPV code(s)

85323000 Community health services

II.2.3. Place of performance

NUTS code: UKK4 Devon
Main site or place of performance: Eastern Devon.

II.2.4. Description of the procurement

NEW Devon CCG is looking to tender for the provision of Venous leg ulcer healing and promoting well legs to the 3 localities in New Devon.

The impact of venous leg ulcers in adults can be significant. Venous leg ulcers can lead to social isolation, depression and loss of independence. Most people with venous leg ulcers experience pain that can be debilitating, leading to a loss of mobility and sleeplessness. Venous leg ulcers cost the NHS over one billion pounds per year. There are in excess of 100,000 active venous ulcers in the UK at any one time, and 80% of these have treatment that is based in the community. A venous leg ulcer is not a diagnosis; it is a manifestation of an underlying disease process and, as such, we need to see the person with the leg ulcer first and foremost and the disease in that context. The definition of a venous leg ulcer would be an area of epidermal discontinuity lasting in excess of four weeks. 70-80% of leg ulcers are venous. 10-20% are of mixed venous/arterial. 10% are arterial and a small number are related to other causes. Due to the nature of the pathology the mixed and arterial leg ulcers would be referred on to specialist services eg vascular eg Tissue Viability for the most appropriate treatment. Venous leg ulcers affect around 1 in 500 people in the UK. This rate rises sharply with age with an estimated 1 in 50 people over the age of 80 developing venous leg ulcers. Chronic Venous leg ulceration has an estimated prevalence of between 0.1% and 0.3% in the UK. In the UK, it is estimated that 1% of the population (and 3.6% of people older than 65) will suffer from leg ulceration during their life.

II.2.5. Award criteria

Price is not the only award criterion and all criteria are stated only in the procurement documents

II.2.6. Estimated value

Value excluding VAT: 1 698 175,00 GBP

II.2.7. Duration of the contract, framework agreement or dynamic purchasing system

Start: 01/07/2018 End: 30/06/2023

This contract is subject to renewal: no

II.2.10. Information about variants

Variants will be accepted: yes

II.2.11. Information about options

Options: yes

Description of options:

Contracts will be for an initial term of 3 years with a possible extension of any period up to a further 24 months, as defined and at the discretion of the Commissioner.

II.2.13. Information about European Union funds

The procurement is related to a project and/or programme financed by European Union funds:
no

II.2.14. Additional information

II.2. Description

II.2.1. Title

Lot 2 - Northern Devon

Lot No: 2

II.2.2. Additional CPV code(s)

85323000 Community health services

II.2.3. Place of performance

NUTS code: UKK4 Devon

Main site or place of performance: Northern Devon.

II.2.4. Description of the procurement

NEW Devon CCG is looking to tender for the provision of Venous leg ulcer healing and promoting well legs to the three localities in New Devon.

The impact of venous leg ulcers in adults can be significant. Venous leg ulcers can lead to social isolation, depression and loss of independence. Most people with venous leg ulcers experience pain that can be debilitating, leading to a loss of mobility and sleeplessness. Venous leg ulcers cost the NHS over one billion pounds per year. There are in excess of 100000 active venous ulcers in the UK at any one time, and 80% of these have treatment that is based in the community. A venous leg ulcer is not a diagnosis; it is a manifestation of an underlying disease process and, as such, we need to see the person with the leg ulcer first and foremost and the disease in that context. The definition of a venous leg ulcer would be an area of epidermal discontinuity lasting in excess of four weeks. 70-80% of leg ulcers are venous. 10-20% are of mixed venous/arterial. 10% are arterial and a small number are related to other causes. Due to the nature of the pathology the mixed and arterial leg ulcers would be referred on to specialist services eg vascular eg Tissue Viability for the most appropriate treatment. Venous leg ulcers affect around 1 in 500 people in the UK. This rate rises sharply with age with an estimated 1 in 50 people over the age of 80 developing venous leg ulcers. Chronic Venous leg ulceration has an estimated prevalence of between 0.1% and 0.3% in the UK. In the UK, it is estimated that 1% of the population (and 3.6% of people older than 65) will suffer from leg ulceration during their life.

II.2.5. Award criteria

Price is not the only award criterion and all criteria are stated only in the procurement documents

II.2.6. Estimated value

Value excluding VAT: 2 081 125,00 GBP

II.2.7. Duration of the contract, framework agreement or dynamic purchasing system

Start: 01/07/2018 End: 30/06/2023

This contract is subject to renewal: no

II.2.10. Information about variants

Variants will be accepted: yes

II.2.11. Information about options

Options: yes

Description of options:

Contracts will be for an initial term of 3 years with a possible extension of any period up to a further 24 months, as defined and at the discretion of the Commissioner.

II.2.13. Information about European Union funds

The procurement is related to a project and/or programme financed by European Union funds:
no

II.2.14. Additional information

II.2. Description

II.2.1. Title

Lot 3 - Western Devon

Lot No: 3

II.2.2. Additional CPV code(s)

85323000 Community health services

II.2.3. Place of performance

NUTS code: UKK4 Devon

Main site or place of performance: Western Devon.

II.2.4. Description of the procurement

NEW Devon CCG is looking to tender for the provision of Venous leg ulcer healing and promoting well legs to the three localities in New Devon.

The impact of venous leg ulcers in adults can be significant. Venous leg ulcers can lead to social isolation, depression and loss of independence. Most people with venous leg ulcers experience pain that can be debilitating, leading to a loss of mobility and sleeplessness. Venous leg ulcers cost the NHS over one billion pounds per year. There are in excess of 100,000 active venous ulcers in the UK at any one time, and 80% of these have treatment that is based in the community. A venous leg ulcer is not a diagnosis; it is a manifestation of an underlying disease process and, as such, we need to see the person with the leg ulcer first and foremost and the disease in that context. The definition of a venous leg ulcer would be an area of epidermal discontinuity lasting in excess of four weeks. 70-80% of leg ulcers are venous. 10-20% are of mixed venous/arterial. 10% are arterial and a small number are related to other causes. Due to the nature of the pathology the mixed and arterial leg ulcers would be referred on to specialist services eg vascular eg Tissue Viability for the most appropriate treatment. Venous leg ulcers affect around 1 in 500 people in the UK. This rate rises sharply with age with an estimated 1 in 50 people over the age of 80 developing venous leg ulcers. Chronic Venous leg ulceration has an estimated prevalence of between 0.1% and 0.3% in the

UK. In the UK, it is estimated that 1% of the population (and 3.6% of people older than 65) will suffer from leg ulceration during their life.

II.2.5. Award criteria

Price is not the only award criterion and all criteria are stated only in the procurement documents

II.2.6. Estimated value

Value excluding VAT: 2 328 650,00 GBP

II.2.7. Duration of the contract, framework agreement or dynamic purchasing system

Start: 01/07/2018 End: 30/06/2023

This contract is subject to renewal: no

II.2.10. Information about variants

Variants will be accepted: yes

II.2.11. Information about options

Options: yes

Description of options:

Contracts will be for an initial term of 3 years with a possible extension of any period up to a further 24 months, as defined and at the discretion of the Commissioner.

II.2.13. Information about European Union funds

The procurement is related to a project and/or programme financed by European Union funds:
no

II.2.14. Additional information

Section III: Legal, economic, financial and technical information

III.1. Conditions for participation

III.1.2. Economic and financial standing

Selection criteria as stated in the procurement documents

III.1.3. Technical and professional ability

Selection criteria as stated in the procurement documents

Section IV: Procedure

IV.1. Description

IV.1.1. Type of procedure

Open procedure

IV.1.3. Information about a framework agreement or a dynamic purchasing system

IV.1.8. Information about the Government Procurement Agreement (GPA)

The procurement is covered by the Government Procurement Agreement: yes

IV.2. Administrative information

IV.2.2. Time limit for receipt of tenders or requests to participate

Date: 21/02/2018 Local time: 12:00

IV.2.3. Estimated date of dispatch of invitations to tender or to participate to selected candidates

IV.2.4. Languages in which tenders or requests to participate may be submitted
English

IV.2.6. Minimum time frame during which the tenderer must maintain the tender
Duration in months: 6 (from the date stated for receipt of tender)

IV.2.7. Conditions for opening of tenders
Date: 21/02/2018 Local time: 12:00

Section VI: Complementary information

VI.1. Information about recurrence

This is a recurrent procurement: no

VI.3. Additional information

This procurement relates to the provision of a health, social or related service as listed within the Schedule 3 to the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 ("the Regulations"). The procurement of services listed in Schedule 3 of the Regulations is not subject to the full regime of the Regulations but is instead governed by the "Light Touch Regime" contained within Chapter 3, Section 7 of the Regulations (Regulations 74 to 77). Neither the inclusion of a Bidder selection stage, nor the use of any defined terms from the Regulations, nor the description of the procedure voluntarily adopted by the Commissioner ("Open", "Restricted", "Competitive Procedure with Negotiation", "Competitive Dialogue" or any other description), nor any other indication, shall be taken to mean that the Commissioner intends to hold itself bound by any of the Regulations, save those applicable to services coming within the scope of Schedule 3.

VI.4. Procedures for review

VI.4.1. Review body

Official name: Northern, Eastern and Western Devon Clinical Commissioning Group
Postal address: Newcourt House, Newcourt Drive
Town: Exeter
Postal code: EX2 7JQ
Country: United Kingdom
E-mail: d-ccg.corporateservices@nhs.net
Telephone: +44 1392205205
Internet address: <https://www.newdevonccg.nhs.uk/>

VI.4.2. Body responsible for mediation procedures

Official name: Northern, Eastern and Western Devon Clinical Commissioning Group
Postal address: Newcourt House, Newcourt Drive
Town: Exeter
Postal code: EX2 7JQ
Country: United Kingdom
E-mail: d-ccg.corporateservices@nhs.net
Telephone: +44 1392205205
Internet address: <https://www.newdevonccg.nhs.uk/>

VI.4.3. Review procedure

Precise information on deadline(s) for review procedures:

The CCG intends to voluntarily observe the provisions and 10 day standstill period described in the Public Contract Regulations 2015.

Unsuccessful tenderers and applicants will receive scores and reasons for the decision, including the characteristics and relative advantages of the winning bid and the reasons why the tenderer/application was unsuccessful. Deadline for lodging of appeals should be in accordance with the Regulations.

VI.4.4. Service from which information about the review procedure may be obtained

Official name: Northern, Eastern and Western Devon Clinical Commissioning Group

Postal address: Newcourt House, Newcourt Drive

Town: Exeter

Postal code: EX2 7JQ

Country: United Kingdom

E-mail: d-ccg.corporateservices@nhs.net

Telephone: +44 1392205205

Internet address: <https://www.newdevonccg.nhs.uk/>

VI.5. Date of dispatch of this notice

25/01/2018